# BRITISHAMERICAN BUSINESS, INC. OF NEW YORK & LONDON (A Not-For-Profit Organization)



### Financial Statements (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

**Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023** 

### BRITISHAMERICAN BUSINESS, INC. OF NEW YORK & LONDON

### YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
BritishAmerican Business, Inc.
of New York & London
New York, NY

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of BritishAmerican Business, Inc. of New York & London ("BritishAmerican Business" or the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities and change in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

CBIZ CPAs P.C.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania October 22, 2024

# BRITISHAMERICAN BUSINESS, INC. OF NEW YORK & LONDON STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

### **ASSETS**

	2024	2023
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, less allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,818,037	\$ 1,438,451
of \$21,955 and \$18,154 for 2024 and 2023, respectively	542,248	626,671
Short-term investments Prepaid expenses	1,056,354 178,615	1,297,518 189,999
r repaire expenses	170,010	100,000
Total Current Assets	3,595,254	3,552,639
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	21,267	15,433
OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	556,508	562,606
SECURITY DEPOSIT	21,106	21,106
Total Assets	\$ 4,194,135	\$ 4,151,784
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 554,113	\$ 626,110
Unearned income Current portion of lease liabilities	1,443,141 205,444	1,343,421 132,409
·		
Total Current Liabilities	2,202,698	2,101,940
OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	364,322	435,806
Total Liabilities	2,567,020	2,537,746
NET ASSETS		
Without donor restrictions	1,627,115	1,614,038
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 4,194,135	\$ 4,151,784

# BRITISHAMERICAN BUSINESS, INC. OF NEW YORK & LONDON STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
PROGRAM REVENUE		
Membership	\$ 2,117,851	\$ 1,943,701
Fundraising (net of cost of direct benefits to donors of \$563,670 and \$518,368 for 2024 and 2023, respectively)	1,678,974	1,646,210
External relations (net of expenses of \$26,876 and \$20,029 for 2024 and 2023, respectively)	(11,701)	5,946
Other income and expenses (net of expenses of \$13,478 \$1,214 for 2024 and 2023, respectively)	143,322	124,176
TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUE	3,928,446	3,720,033
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel costs	2,908,811	2,740,335
Occupancy costs	261,884	236,359
Office expenses and supplies	78,055	40,698
Traveling and meeting expenses	269,027	224,127
Other memberships	9,709	13,752
Other administrative costs	228,763	223,251
Information technology	155,576	130,482
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,911,825	3,609,004
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS BEFORE (LOSS) GAIN ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION, AND		
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	16,621	111,029
(LOSS) GAIN ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	(6,113)	17,313
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	2,569	(15,942)
The leader with the content of the c	(3,544)	1,371
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	13,077	112,400
NET ASSETS - Beginning of year	1,614,038	1,501,638
NET ASSETS - End of year	\$ 1,627,115	\$ 1,614,038

# BRITISHAMERICAN BUSINESS, INC. OF NEW YORK & LONDON STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$ 13,077	\$	112,400	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net	•		•	
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	10,043		16,720	
(Gain) Loss on short-term investments	(2,569)		15,942	
Noncash lease expense	195,091		149,112	
Bad debt expense	4,077		18,968	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	80,346		(72,586)	
Prepaid expenses	11,378		(6,502)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(71,997)		27,507	
Unearned income	99,720		39,828	
Operating lease liabilities	 (187,436)		(144,353)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	151,730		157,036	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of equipment	(15,877)		(16,920)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	 243,733		216,377	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	227,856		199,457	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	379,586		356,493	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year	 1,438,451		1,081,958	
End of year	\$ 1,818,037	\$	1,438,451	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information  Cash paid for the amounts included in the measurement of the lease liabilities  Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 220,347	\$	212,799	

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

BritishAmerican Business, Inc. of New York & London ("BritishAmerican Business" or the "Organization") has grown to become the leading transatlantic business organization dedicated to helping companies connect and build their businesses on both sides of the Atlantic.

In support of its mission, BritishAmerican Business provides its members with a comprehensive offering of events, publications, data and networking opportunities. BritishAmerican Business employs a staff of 22 and maintains offices in New York and London.

BritishAmerican Business is incorporated in Delaware and is a non-profit organization under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from U.S. federal income tax. Additionally, the Organization has been confirmed as a non-profit entity by His Majesty's Revenue and Customs in the United Kingdom.

BritishAmerican Business' assets held in the London office totaled \$1,355,800 and \$1,070,423 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and net program revenues earned by the London office were \$1,375,732 and \$1,268,214 the for years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-14, (Topic 958) Not-for-Profit Entities, Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities, the Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets whose use by the Organization has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no donor restrictions on the Organization's net assets.

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets that are available to support operations and whose use is not externally restricted.

#### Foreign Currency Translation

BritishAmerican Business' financial statements include the United States and United Kingdom offices. The United States Dollar and the British Pound Sterling are the functional currencies for the respective offices.

The financial statements of the United Kingdom office are maintained in British Pound Sterling and are translated into the United States Dollar for these financial statements using exchange rates as follows:

- 1. Statements of financial position accounts at period end rate;
- 2. Statements of activities accounts using a weighted average rate.

Resulting gains or (losses) from translating the financial statements of the United Kingdom are recorded on the Statements of Activities and Change in Net Assets and amounted to (\$6,113) and \$17,313 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

BritishAmerican Business considers all highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of less than three months and money market funds to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, \$1,022,946 and \$862,147, respectively, are in deposit accounts in its primary bank in New York and \$795,091 and \$576,304, respectively, are in deposit accounts in its primary bank in London. As of January 1, 2013, the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") provides insurance coverage of all U.S. bank accounts up to \$250,000. The uninsured balances at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$1,565,212 and \$1,177,925, respectively.

#### Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recognized as changes in net assets in the period in which they occur, and investment income is recognized as revenue in the period earned. Fair value measurements are based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, a fair value hierarchy provides observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three levels as described in Note 7.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is provided by a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as indicated in Note 5.

#### Revenue Recognition and Allowance for Credit Losses

Membership dues are recorded as unearned income when received and are recognized as income over the period of membership (12-24 months). Revenue received from BritishAmerican Business events is recognized in the period the event is held. Some membership fees are derived through barter of services. As the amounts are not material and it is difficult and subjective to establish fair value, they have not been reflected in these financial statements.

BritishAmerican Business records an allowance for credit losses for all receivables not expected to be collected. BritishAmerican Business generally does not require collateral. BritishAmerican Business evaluates the collectability of its accounts receivable based on a combination of factors. When BritishAmerican Business is aware of a member's inability to meet its financial obligations (e.g., bankruptcy filings), BritishAmerican Business records a specific reserve for credit losses against amounts due. For all other instances, BritishAmerican Business recognizes reserves based on historical experience and review of the individual accounts outstanding.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized by natural classification in the statements of activities. The disclosure of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses (Continued)

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include occupancy, depreciation and amortization, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, professional services, office expenses, information technology, interest, insurance and other, which are allocated on the basis of estimates and effort.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Organization follows FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 740, which provides standards for establishing and classifying any tax provisions for uncertain tax positions. The Organization has determined that it has no uncertain tax positions that require either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Organization has not incurred any expenses related to income tax penalties or interest charges. It is management's policy to charge these expenses to operations when assessed.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures at the date of the financial statements. Actual results may differ from said estimates.

#### Leases

The Organization accounts for its leases pursuant to ASC 842 Leases, which requires the recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for operating leases. Under the standard, the disclosures are required to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.

The Organization elected the available practical expedients to account for the existing operating lease as an operating lease under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether the classification of capital leases or operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

The Organization also elected another available practical expedient. The Organization elected to use a risk-free discount rate for the initial and subsequent measurement of the lease liability when the rate implicit in the lease is not readily available.

The Company leases office space (see Note 8). The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at the lease's inception. The operating leases are included in operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities on the statements of financial position at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On July 1, 2023, the Organization adopted ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses, (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* (ASC 326). This standard replaced the incurred loss methodology with an expected loss methodology that is referred to as the Current Expected Credit Loss ("CECL") methodology. CECL requires an estimate of credit losses for the remaining estimated life of the financial asset using historical experience, current condition, and reasonable and supportable forecasts and generally applies to financial assets measured at amortized cost which will be presented at the net amount expected to be collected by using an allowance for credit losses.

The Organization adopted ASC 326 and all related subsequent amendments thereto effective July 1, 2023, using the modified retrospective approach for all financial assets measured at amortized costs. The adoption had no effect on the change in net assets as previously reported.

#### 3. LIQUIDITY

At June 30, the financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statements of financial position date comprise the following:

	2024		2023
\$	1,818,037	\$	1,438,451
	542,248		626,671
•	1,056,354		1,297,518
\$ 3	3,416,639	\$	3,362,640
		\$ 1,818,037 542,248 1,056,354 \$ 3,416,639	\$ 1,818,037 \$ 542,248 1,056,354

As part of the Organization's liquidity management plan, the Organization invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments, CDs, and money market funds. Occasionally, the Board designates a portion of any operating surplus to its operating reserve, the balance of which was \$0 and \$72,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET

Accounts receivable, net consist of the following as of June 30:

	2024	_	2023
Membership Events	\$ 409,591 114,899		\$ 530,528 107,300
Other	39,713	_	6,997
	564,203	_	644,825
Less: Allowance for credit losses	21,955		18,154
	\$ 542,248	_	\$ 626,671

#### 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net consist of the following as of June 30:

	 2024	 2023	Estimated Lives
Computer/copier equipment	\$ 368,361	\$ 362,245	2-5 years
Computer software	140,377	140,377	3 years
Association management system	37,116	37,116	5 years
Office equipment	470,181	460,420	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	96,791	96,791	5-7 years
Leasehold improvements	67,218	 67,218	Life of lease
	1,180,044	1,164,167	
Less: accumulated depreciation			
and amortization	 1,158,777	 1,148,734	
	\$ 21,267	\$ 15,433	

Depreciation and amortization expense amounted to \$10,043 and \$16,720 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 6. PENSION PLANS

BritishAmerican Business' United States office has a 401(k) Defined Contribution Plan, which covers all eligible employees. Contributions to the plan are both employer and employee funded. Employees may contribute to the plan, up to the maximum permitted by law. Additionally, the employer makes contributions based on a formula approved by the Board, which is 3% of eligible earnings for each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Employer contributions to the plan were \$31,513 and \$31,764 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

BritishAmerican Business' United Kingdom office offers a personal stakeholder pension to all employees. Employees may contribute to the plan up to the maximum permitted by law. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the employer contributed 7.5% - 15% of the eligible earnings, amounting to \$46,293 and \$39,513, respectively.

These expenses are included in payroll taxes and employee benefits in the Classification of Expenses schedules disclosed in Note 9.

#### 7. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described as follows:

#### 7. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodology used at June 30, 2024 or 2023.

#### Mutual Funds:

Mutual funds are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by BritishAmerican Business are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily Net Asset Value and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by BritishAmerican Business are deemed to be actively traded.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, BritishAmerican Business' investments at fair value as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2024 Total		
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,056,354	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,056,354		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2023 Total		
Mutual Funds	\$ 1,297,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,297,518		

Net appreciation from the Organization's investments in mutual funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$2,569, and net depreciation from the Organization's investments in mutual funds for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$15,942. BritishAmerican Business' investments earned interest and dividends of \$64,079 and \$43,480 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These amounts are reported in other income and expenses.

#### 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Leases

BritishAmerican Business' office in New York leases office space under an operating lease agreement which is set to expire on June 30, 2028. As of June 30, 2023, BritishAmerican Business' office in London leased two office spaces, which expired in the year ended June 30, 2024. In October 2023, BritishAmerican Business' office in London entered into a new operating lease for office space which is set to expire on September 30, 2025. As disclosed in Note 2, the Organization accounts for operating leases under FASB ASC 842. The leases were accounted for at the beginning of the period of adoption (July 1, 2022).

Other information related to leases was as follows as of June 30, 2024:

Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term
Operating leases
Weighted Average Discount Rate
Operating leases
3.35 years
3.41%

Right-of-use asset consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

Right-of-use asset recognized as of June 30, 2023	\$ 562,606
Add: ROU asset obtained in exchange for new lease liability in October 2023	188,993
Less: amortization expense during the year ended June 30, 2024	(195,091)
Right-of-use assets, net of accumulated amortization, June 30, 2024	\$ 556,508

Future approximate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as of June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 221,140
2026	141,870
2027	117,223
2028	 120,740
Total minimum lease payments	600,973
Less imputed interest	 31,207
Present value of lease liabilities	569,766
Less: Current portion of lease liabilities	 205,444
Long-term portion of lease liabilities	\$ 364,322

Lease expense is included in occupancy costs in the functional expenses (see Note 9) for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and amounted to \$228,002 and \$217,297, respectively.

### 9. CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENSES

The statements of activities disclose expenses by natural classification. The classification of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024 by function is as follows:

	Program Services					Supporting Services																								
	Me	Membership		External Relations		Other Expenses		Total Program Services		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		Fundraising		anagement nd General	2	024 Total
Salaries and Related Costs: Salaries Payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$	297,140 115,788	\$	324,153 126,315	\$	54,025 21,053	\$	675,318 263,156	\$	189,089 73,684	\$	1,212,521 472,493	\$	2,076,928 809,333																
Total Salaries and Related Costs		412,928		450,468		75,078		938,474		262,773		1,685,014		2,886,261																
Other Personnel costs Occupancy costs Office expense and supplies Travel and meeting expenses Other memberships Professional fees Catering, food and entertainment Bank charges Miscellaneous Depreciation and amortization Bad debt Insurance Information technology		7,517 65,471 19,514 - - 32,537 - - 2,510 2,039 - 38,894		7,516 71,423 21,288 - 35,494 26,876 - 2,739 - 42,429		11,904 3,547 - 5,916 13,478 - 457 - 7,072		15,033 148,798 44,349 - - 73,947 40,354 - - 5,706 2,039 - 88,395		7,517 41,663 12,418 - 20,705 563,670 - 1,598 2,038 - 24,751		71,423 21,288 269,027 9,709 35,494 - 43,696 14,785 2,739 - 26,016 42,430		22,550 261,884 78,055 269,027 9,709 130,146 604,024 43,696 14,785 10,043 4,077 26,016 155,576																
Total Operating Expenses		581,410		658,233		117,452		1,357,095		937,133		2,221,621		4,515,849																
Expenses attributable to revenue				(26,876)		(13,478)		(40,354)		(563,670)				(604,024)																
Total Functional Expenses	\$	581,410	\$	631,357	\$	103,974	\$	1,316,741	\$	373,463	\$	2,221,621	\$	3,911,825																

### 9. CLASSIFICATION OF EXPENSES (Continued)

The statements of activities disclose expenses by natural classification. The classification of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 by function is as follows:

		Program	Services		Supporti		
	Membership	External Relations	Other Expenses	Total Program Services	Fundraising	Management and General	2023 Total
Salaries and Related Costs: Salaries Payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$ 329,026 127,569	\$ 253,098 98,130	\$ 50,620 19,626	\$ 632,744 245,325	\$ 227,788 88,317	\$ 1,085,931 421,033	\$ 1,946,463 754,675
Total Salaries and Related Costs	456,595	351,228	70,246	878,069	316,105	1,506,964	2,701,138
Other Personnel costs Occupancy costs Office expense and supplies Travel and meeting expenses Other memberships Professional fees Catering, food and entertainment Bank charges Miscellaneous Depreciation and amortization Bad debt Insurance Information technology	13,066 66,797 11,502 - 29,646 - - 4,725 9,484 - 36,875	13,065 51,382 8,847 - 22,805 20,029 - 3,635 - 28,366	10,276 1,769 - 4,561 1,214 - 727 - 5,673	26,131 128,455 22,118 - 57,012 21,243 - 9,087 9,484 - 70,914	13,066 46,244 7,963 - 20,524 518,368 - 3,272 9,484 - 25,528	61,660 10,617 224,127 13,752 27,365 - 34,416 26,925 4,361 - 21,321 34,040	39,197 236,359 40,698 224,127 13,752 104,901 539,611 34,416 26,925 16,720 18,968 21,321 130,482
Total Operating Expenses	628,690	499,357	94,466	1,222,513	960,554	1,965,548	4,148,615
Expenses attributable to revenue		(20,029)	(1,214)	(21,243)	(518,368)		(539,611)
Total Functional Expenses	\$ 628,690	\$ 479,328	\$ 93,252	\$ 1,201,270	\$ 442,186	\$ 1,965,548	\$ 3,609,004

### **10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated, for potential recognition and disclosure, events subsequent to the date of the statement of financial position through October 22, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.